### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# TRANSLATION INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 03/07372 WO FOR FURTHER					CTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No. International filing d					te (daymonth/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/EP2005/000494 19.01.200						21.01.2004		
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	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC  G01M17/007							
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Applican	nt							
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						The state of the s		
1.	This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.							
2.	This RI	EPORT consists	of a total of	13	sheets, includi	ng this cover sheet.		
3.	This re	port is also acco	mpanied by A	NNEXES, comprising:				
	a. 🛚	(sent to the	applicant and	to the International Bu	reau) a total of 2	sheets, as follows:		
		sheets	of the descrip	otion, claims and/or dra	wings which have been	amended and are the basis for this report and/or		
			containing rections).	ctifications authorized	by this Authority (see R	tule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative		
		sheets	which supers	sede earlier sheets, but	which this Authority co	ensiders contain an amendment that goes beyond		
		the di Box.	sclosure in th	e international applical	ion as filed, as indicate	d in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental		
	ь. [	(sent to the	International	Bureau only) a total of	(indicate type and numb	per of electronic carrier(s))		
		_				, containing a sequence listing and/or tables		
		related theret	o, in compute	r readable form only, a	s indicated in the Supp	lemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see		
				trative Instructions).				
4.	4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
	$\boxtimes$	Box No. I	Basis of the	e report				
	Box No. II Priority							
	$\boxtimes$	Box No. III	Non-establ	ishment of opinion with	h regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
		Box No. IV	Lack of uni	ity of invention				
	Box No. V  Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
		Box No. VI	Certain doo	cuments cited				
	Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application							
	Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of	suhmissi	on of the deman		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date of completion of	this report		
Date of additional of the deligning						•		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP					Authorized officer			
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Box	No. I	Basis of the report						
1.		n regard to the language, this report is based on the internation ated under this item.	nal application in the language in	which it was filed, unless otherwise				
	This report is based on translations from the original language into the following language which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:							
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))						
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4)						
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and/o	or 55.3)					
2.	With regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):							
		the international application as originally filed/furnished						
	$\boxtimes$	the description:						
		pages <u>1-8</u>		as originally filed/furnished				
		pages*	received by this Authority on					
		pages*	received by this Authority on	·				
	$\boxtimes$	the claims:						
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished				
		nos.*	as amended (togethe	r with any statement) under Article 19				
		nos.* 1-7		13.12.2005 with letter				
		nos.*	•					
	$\boxtimes$	the drawings:						
		sheets 1/2, 2/2		as originally filed/furnished				
		sheets*	received by this Authority on					
		sheets*						
	$\Box$	<del></del>		• 4•				
	$\vdash$	a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Suppleme	enial Box Relating to Sequence L	isung.				
3.	Ш	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description, pages						
		the claims, nos.	the claims, nos					
		the drawings, sheets/figs						
		the sequence listing (specify):						
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):						
4.	$\boxtimes$	This report has been established as if (some of) the amend they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fil						
		the description, pages						
		the claims, nos. 3						
		the drawings, sheets/figs						
		the sequence listing (specify):						
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):						
*	If ite	em 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "supe	erseded."					

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Box No. II	Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:					
	the entire international application				
	claims Nos. 2,3				
becaus	e:				
	the said international application, or the said claims Nos.				
	relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):				
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. 2  are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):				
	See Supplemental Box.				
	bee bupplemental box.				
	•				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	the claims, or said claims Nos are so inadequately supported				
	by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.				
	no international search report has been established for said claims Nos.				
	the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing does not comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions in that:				
	the written form has not been furnished				
	does not comply with the standard				
	the computer readable form has not been furnished				
	does not comply with the standard				
	the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in computer readable form only, do not comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.				
	See Supplemental Box for further details.				

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			oned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; ons and explanations supporting such statement					
I.	Statement							
	Novelty	· (N)	Claims	1,	4	-7		YES
			Claims				·	NO
	Inventiv	ve step (IS)	Claims					YES
			Claims	1,	4	-7		NO
	Industri	al applicability (IA)	Claims	1,	4	-7		YES
			Claims					NO
							•	

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

#### PRIOR ART

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: PILUTTI TOM ET AL: "Vehicle steering intervention through differential braking", PROC AM CONTROL CONF; PROCEEDINGS OF THE AMERICAN CONTROL CONFERENCE 1995, Vol. 3, 1995, pages 1667-1671, XP002325942, SEATTLE, WA, USA
- D2: EP-A-0 445 671 (TECHNISCHER UEBERWACHUNGS-VEREIN BAYERN E.V.; TECHNISCHER UEBERWACHUNGS),

  11 September 1991 (1991-09-11)

#### 2. NOVELTY (PCT ARTICLE 33(1) AND 33(2))

2.1 Document D2 discloses (see, for example, the passages and drawings cited in the international search report) a system for carrying out crash tests and hence vehicle safety tests, containing a guide device (guide cable transmitter 2) for specifying a set path, and a speed control device (on-board controller 5 in conjunction with speed controller 13 and speed sensor 14) which interacts with the test vehicle to control its speed so that the vehicle follows the set path along the guide

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cable 3 at a set speed (see, for example, column 2, lines 27 to 32).

The vehicle has its own engine, which also moves it during the test. The vehicle speed and direction are controlled by final control elements, which are used to change the engine speed and gear ratio and for steering and deceleration using the vehicle brakes.

- 2.2 The subject matter of claim 1 differs from that of D2 by virtue of the features specified in the characterising part of the claim.
- 2.3 Document D1 discloses (see, for example, the passages and drawings cited in the international search report) a method for driver-independent and hence "driverless" (in the broadest sense of the term) guidance of multitrack motor vehicles or cars along a set path, and a corresponding motor vehicle. The vehicle is steered using a system for keeping within specified road limits so that it follows a path defined by the said limits, and the vehicle has a braking device that can steer the vehicle by selectively braking at least one of its wheels in a controlled manner. A guide system determines the deviation from the specified path within the road limits and also determines the actual path, and a control system controls the necessary braking actions.

It is obvious that the vehicle described in D1, like any other vehicle, can be subjected to a crash test. The crucial point about crash tests is that the vehicles which are crashed must be serial production vehicles, otherwise the results would be meaningless and of no use

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

to regulatory bodies, industry or end users.

- 2.4 The subject matter of claim 1 differs from that of D1 essentially in that it relates to a system for carrying out crash tests, with a guide system, a speed-influencing system and a control system for controlling a vehicle so that it can move along the set path and reach a set speed at the crash point.
- 2.5 The subject matter of claim 1 and of dependent claims 4 to 7 is therefore novel.
- 3. INVENTIVE STEP (PCT ARTICLE 33(1) AND 33(3))
- 3.1 The application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(1) because the subject matter of claim 1 and claims 4 to 7 does not involve an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)).
- 3.2 The aforementioned document D2 is considered to be the prior art closest to the subject matter of independent claim 1.
- 3.3 The problem addressed can be seen as that of designing a simpler steering device.
- 3.4 The solution proposed in claim 1 of the application cannot be considered inventive (PCT Article 33(3)) for the following reasons:
  - (i) A person skilled in the art would realise immediately that the vehicle known from D1 was suitable for use in the crash tests described in D2.

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Faced with the aforementioned problem, he would therefore have no hesitation in using the vehicle of D1 with the crash test device of D2, and would thereby arrive at what is claimed in claim 1.

- (ii) The skilled person would immediately see the advantage offered by the vehicle of D1 with its brake-action steering system for keeping the vehicle on a predefined path along the barrier. He would therefore even prefer to use a vehicle with a brake-action steering system for the crash test, because it would obviate the need for other more complex systems for keeping the vehicle on course.
- (iii) It is generally known in the art that braking is the same as deceleration or negative acceleration. On reading D1 the skilled person would immediately realise that the method and device described therein would work with the negative acceleration explicitly mentioned, and that the same result could naturally also be achieved with positive acceleration.
- (iv) The design of the claimed device therefore does not go beyond what a person skilled in the art would normally do on the basis of routine considerations, especially since the resulting advantages are readily predictable.
- 3.5 The features of dependent claims 4 to 7 relate to technical embodiments of the device according to claim 1 which do not go beyond what a person skilled in the art would normally do on the basis of routine considerations, especially since the resulting advantages are readily predictable.

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

4. INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY (PCT ARTICLE 33(1) AND 33(4))

The invention as defined in the claims is undoubtedly industrially applicable, for example in crash tests for testing the safety standards of commercially available cars.

#### 5. OTHER DEFECTS AND OBSERVATIONS

- 5.1 Some of the features of device claims 4 and 6 relate to a method for using the device rather than to the definition of the device in terms of its technical features. Consequently the intended limitations are not clear from the claims (PCT Article 6). This applies specifically to the following features:

  - (ii) "the control system controls (...)" (claim 6)
- 5.2 Contrary to the requirements of PCT Rule 5.1(a)(ii), the description does not cite documents D1 and D2 or give an account of the relevant prior art disclosed therein.
- 5.3 The feature "at least approximately constant" in claim 3 is vague and unclear (PCT Article 6) because the term "approximately" does not define a range and is therefore meaningless in conjunction with terms such as "at least", which assume a lowermost value. In accordance with the standard practice of the Examining Authority it is permissible to use terms such as "about" or

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"roughly", which cover a technically feasible tolerance range. Terms such as "about" and "roughly" obviously include the exact value.

#### 5.4 Suggestion:

Claim 1 could be made novel and inventive by adding the following features:

"... the control system being fitted in the vehicle and having a memory in which is stored a characteristic map which records the correlation between brake actuation and the required additional opening of a load governor, such that when one or more of the wheel brakes is actuated for directional correction the engine load governor is opened further so that the additional driving torque compensates for the braking torque and the vehicle speed remains constant."

The adjustment of the motor driving torques on the basis of a characteristic map in order to keep the total driving torque of the vehicle constant when the steering wheel is turned is neither known from nor suggested by any of the prior art documents.

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of:  $Boxes\ I$  and III

#### BOX I

#### Basis of the report

- Claim 3 has been ignored for the purposes of this report because it contains amendments which, in the opinion of the examiner, go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed (PCT Article 34(2)(b) and PCT Rule 70.2(c)).
- Claim 3 states that the control system is fitted in the vehicle and "contains" a memory, whereas the original application merely states that the control system "has" a memory (see, for example, the description, page 3, lines 7 to 8 and 27, and page 4, line 20). Thus the original application does not specify whether the memory is inside the control system or outside it.
- 3. Claim 3 also states that the memory contains "values which are dependent on the actuation of the wheel brakes and control an internal combustion engine in the vehicle". The original application states only the following:
  - (i) "Advantageously, when one or more of the wheel brakes is actuated for directional correction the engine load governor is opened further so that the additional driving torque compensates for the braking torque and the vehicle speed remains constant. The correlation between brake actuation and the required additional opening (for example,

#### Supplemental Box

of a throttle valve) can be stored in a characteristic map programmed into the memory of the control system 14." (page 4, lines 15 to 21)

(ii) "Outputs of the control system 14 are connected to actuators 18 for the wheel brakes 8 (only one actuator is shown) and to an actuator 20 for actuating an engine load governor (engine not shown)." (page 3, lines 11 to 13)

Thus in the original application the control of the engine is limited to the opening of the load governor or throttle valve. Consequently the general "values" in claim 3, which do not establish a connection with the opening of the load governor or throttle valve, are inadmissible generalisations.

- 4. Claim 3 states that the values are stored so that "the sum of the engine torque driving the vehicle and the braking torque from the wheel brakes for directional correction is at least approximately constant". The original application states only the following:
  - (i) "Advantageously, when one or more of the wheel brakes is actuated for directional correction the engine load governor is opened further so that the additional driving torque *compensates for* the braking torque and the vehicle speed remains constant." (page 4, lines 15 to 18).
  - (ii) "The driving torques of the motors (30) are adjusted so that the total driving torque of the vehicle remains constant when the steering wheel is turned." (see the original claim 5)

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Thus the original application merely states that the additional driving torque compensates for the braking torque and the vehicle speed remains constant, and that the total driving torque of the vehicle remains constant when the steering wheel is turned. There is no mention of a sum, which would in any case be problematic because of the vectorial properties and the signs of the torques.

- 5. Owing to the large number of amendments to claim 3 that go beyond the disclosure of the original claim, claim 3 has been ignored for the purposes of this report.
- 6. The amendments submitted with the letter of 13 December 2005 introduce material which, contrary to the requirement of PCT Article 34(2)(b), goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed. The amendment in question is as follows:

"at at least one point" (claim 1, line 5)

This feature of claim 1 has been ignored for the purposes of this report.

#### BOX III

## Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

1. Some of the features of device claim 2 relate to a method for using the device rather than to the definition of the device in terms of its technical features. More particularly, this applies to the fact that the device is operated in such a way that the vehicle speed "does not change". Consequently the

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intended limitations are not clear from the claim (PCT Article 6).

2. Claim 2 also fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 6 because the subject matter for which protection is sought is not clearly defined. The claim seeks to define its subject matter by reference to the result which is to be achieved, and fails to state what is needed to enable the drive device and the braking device to interact to ensure that the vehicle speed does not change following a braking action for the purpose of bringing the actual path more closely into line with the set path. Claim 2 thus merely states the problem addressed without specifying the technical features needed in order to achieve that result, and consequently cannot be examined in this report. Claim 4 has been interpreted as being directly dependent on claim 1.